# SCTE STANDARDS

# **Network Operations Subcommittee**

# SCTE STANDARD

**ANSI/SCTE 38-8 2017 (R2022)** 

Hybrid Fiber/Coax Outside Plant Status Monitoring SCTE-HMS-DOWNLOAD-MIB
Management Information Base (MIB) Definition

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Document Type: Specification	<b>.</b>	Ü	
Document Tags:			
☐ Test or Measurement	☐ Checklist	☐ Facility	
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# **Document Release History**

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Note: Standards that are released multiple times in the same year use: a, b, c, etc. to indicate normative balloted updates and/or r1, r2, r3, etc. to indicate editorial changes to a released document after the year.

Note: This document is a reaffirmation of SCTE 38-8 2017. No substantive changes have been made to this document. Information components may have been updated such as the title page, NOTICE text, headers, and footers.

# **Contents**

1.	SCOPE	5
2.	COPYRIGHT	5
3.	NORMATIVE REFERENCE	5
4.	INFORMATIVE REFERENCE	5
5.	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS	5
6.	REQUIREMENTS	5

## 1. Scope

This document is identical to SCTE 38-8 2009 except for informative components which may have been updated such as the title page, NOTICE text, headers and footers. No normative changes have been made to this document.

This document contains the definitions used to maintain one or more loadable firmware images on an HMS transponder.

## 2. Copyright

The MIB definition found in this document may be incorporated directly in products without further permission from the copyright owner, SCTE.

### 3. Normative Reference

IETF RFC 1155 SCTE 37

#### 4. Informative Reference

None

#### 5. Terms and Definitions

This document defines the following terms:

Management Information Base (MIB) - the specification of information in a manner that allows standard access through a network management protocol.

## 6. Requirements

This section defines the mandatory syntax of the SCTE-HMS-DOWNLOAD-MIB. It follows the IETF Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) for defining the managed objects.

The syntax is given below.

```
ANSI/SCTE 38-8 2017 (R2022)
-- * Module Name: HMS063R6.MIB (SCTE 38-8)
-- * SCTE Status: ADOPTED JANUARY 11, 2002
__ *
-- * Introduction:
--* The Download MIB is used to maintain one or more loadable
-- * firmware images on an HMS transponder. The MIB also has
    support for downloading to sub-components managed by an
    HMS transponder.
-- * The firmware image for one vendor's transponder is not expected
-- * to be interchangeable with another vendor's transponder. Care
-- * must be used not to download the wrong image. The DEVICE-KEY
-- * and dlDownloadKey are used to ensure that only the intended
-- * transponders are modified.
-- * The firmware may be transferred using broadcast, multicast,
-- * or unicast addressing. When using broadcast or multicast
-- * addressing, then suitable delays must be placed between
-- * each transaction to allow the transponder time to process
-- * the request. The value for these delays may be read from
-- * the download distribution file.
-- *
-- * Download Devices:
-- * The MIB is designed to support download to sub-components
-- * attached to the transponder. These additional devices may
-- * be located on the Transponder Interface Bus (TIB) or on a
-- * vendor specific bus. The Transponder Interface Bus is defined
-- * by SCTE 25-3 (formerly HMS022.)
--* Within this MIB, device number 1 specifies the transponder.
-- * Device numbers 2 to 256 are reserved for TIB devices. The
-- * download device numbers 2 to 256 correspond to TIB addresses
-- * 1 to 255 respectively. Download device numbers greater than
    256 may be used for vendor specific non-TIB devices managed
-- * by the transponder.
__ *
-- * Not all transponders support TIB based devices.
-- * The initial version of SCTE 25-3 (formerly HMS022) does not support firmware
    download.
-- * Distribution File Format:
-- *
--* The firmware update for a transponder is to be distributed in
-- * a single file. The file has a header which describes information
-- * used to configure a download. The header information consists
-- * of a set of keywords with parameters, defined within comment lines.
__ *
-- * Comment lines begin with a pair of back to back '-' characters.
-- *
--* The standard distribution file format for all vendors uses S-Records
    to define the transponder firmware. Using a common file format
    permits standard download tools to be developed.
-- * Each S-Record line may contains up to 255 bytes of data, which is
    the maximum value for the S-Record length field.
-- * Additional details on the S-Record format usage can be found
    in the description of dlDownloadLine.
-- * Distribution File Header:
    The distribution file header will have the following keywords
-- * located within successive comment lines:
```

VERS:<ASCII version, same as dlImageVersion>

```
ANSI/SCTE 38-8 2017 (R2022)
     DESC:<ASCII description, same as dlImageDescription>
     T0:<decimal number>
     T1:<decimal number>
     T2:<decimal number>
-- * T3:<decimal number>
    DEVICE-KEY:<value for dlDownloadKey>
     DEVICE:<1..n or PROMPT>
     IMAGE:<1..n or PROMPT>
-- * All keywords begin one blank character after a comment introducer,
    which simplifies parsing by the loader application. Comment lines
    which do not have one of the keywords are ignored and can be used
-- * to provide additional information.
-- *
--* The keywords must all be present before the first S-Record line.
-- * Each parameter is expected to begin immediately following the ':'
-- *
    character of each keyword.
-- * All header keywords must be present. The list is not meant to
-- * establish a specific order.
--* The VERS parameter reports the version of the firmware to the
-- * loader. This string matches the value to be reported by the firmware
-- * for dlImageVersion and dlActiveImageVersion. The version string
    may be used as part of the dlDownloadKey. See dlDownloadKey for
-- * additional information.
--* The DESC parameter reports the description of the firmware to the
    loader. This string matches the value to be reported by the firmware
    for dlImageDescription and dlActiveImageDescription.
--* The VERS and DESC keywords must match that which is to be reported
-- * by the device. The corresponding strings are expected to be embedded
-- * in the device by some means. The strings may be embedded in the
-- * firmware image or possibly part of the S0 record which is then
-- * stored. The S0 record format is vendor specific.
--* The T0, T1, T2, and T3 parameters specify the time delays described in
-- * the download example for multiple transponders. The delays are specified
-- * in units of milliseconds. These delays represent minimum values.
--* The DEVICE-KEY value is used to set dlDownloadKey. This value must
-- * match dlDeviceKey of the active firmware image for the device specified
-- * by dlDownloadDevice (and therefore the DEVICE keyword). Unless the
    correct string is written to dlDownloadKey, the transponder will not
    permit a download sequence to commence.
__ *
--* The DEVICE-KEY minimum string definition starts with the first 3
    octets of physical address (the vendor's OUI) as a hexadecimal ASCII
-- * string. This ensures no units will accidentally accept firmware from
-- * the wrong vendor. Additional octets may be specified after this 6 byte
-- * prefix field by each vendor. This string must match that which is
    embedded in the device, and can be confirmed via dlDeviceKey.
-- * It is expected that all firmware images for one device will have
-- * the same dlDeviceKey. See the description of dlDownloadKey for
-- * additional details.
-- *
--* The IMAGE value is used to specify the value of dlDownloadImage.
--* The parameter value range is 1 to 'N', where 'N' is vendor specific.
-- * Rather than specifying a decimal number, the PROMPT string specifies
    that the user must be prompted for the value.
-- * The DEVICE value is used to specify the value of dlDownloadDevice.
    The parameter value range is 1 to 'N', where 'N' is vendor specific.
    Rather than specifying a decimal number, the PROMPT string specifies
-- * that the user must be prompted for the value.
-- *
-- * Download Sequence Examples:
-- * The typical sequence of events which occur when loading a
```

-- \* transponder firmware image are demonstrated by two examples.

```
ANSI/SCTE 38-8 2017 (R2022)
-- * The download process is not restricted to the sequence
-- * shown in these examples.
    The typical sequence of events which occur when loading a
-- *
    transponder firmware image using broadcast or multicast
__ *
    addressing are:
      Read default download parameters from distribution file,
__ *
      ... such as T0, T1, T2, T3, DEVICE-KEY, etc.
-- *
      Write DEVICE-KEY to dlDownloadKey and wait T0.
      Set dlDownloadDevice and wait T0.
      Set dlDownloadImage and wait T0.
      Optionally set dlDownloadTimeout and wait T0.
      Set dlDownloadControl to initiate(1).
      Wait T1 to allow sufficient time for dlDownloadStatus
      ... to go to initiateComplete(2).
      Set dlDownloadControl to download(2).
      UNTIL all lines of firmware update transferred:
         Write next dlDownloadLine.
         Wait T2 to allow sufficient time for dlDownloadStatus
         ... to go to waitingForLine(3).
      END.
-- *
      Set dlDownloadControl to finish(3).
      Wait T3 to allow sufficient time for dlDownloadStatus
      ... to go to done(6).
      Use trap handling to detect errors.
__ *
      Optionally, read dlDownloadErrorStatus from each transponder
      ... affected to verify no errors occurred.
-- * An alternate approach is to address each transponder via unicast
    addressing. While the same sequence of events could be used,
    it is also possible to query the transponder during each step to
    monitor status. Here is an example for unicast addressing:
-- *
-- *
      Write DEVICE-KEY to dlDownloadKey.
      Set dlDownloadDevice.
      Set dlDownloadImage.
__ *
      Optionally set dlDownloadTimeout.
      Set dlDownloadControl to initiate(1).
      Wait for dlDownloadStatus to go to initiateComplete(2).
__ *
      Set dlDownloadControl to download(2).
      UNTIL all lines of firmware update transferred:
        Set next dlDownloadLine.
         Wait for dlDownloadStatus to go to waitingForLine(3).
-- *
      END.
      Set dlDownloadControl to finish(3).
      Wait for dlDownloadStatus to go to done(6).
-- *
-- *
      Read dlDownloadErrorStatus and verify no errors occurred.
-- * Download State Diagram:
-- * The detailed relationships between objects in this MIB are shown
-- * in the following state diagram. The states are labelled based on
    dlDownloadStatus.
-- * For each state transition, the condition for the change is defined
-- * immediately above the transition line, the actions are shown
    immediately below the transition line. For this diagram the '=' symbol
    indicates a SNMP Set operation.
-- * Within the state diagram, the first transition line shows the normal
-- * flow.
```

```
ANSI/SCTE 38-8 2017 (R2022)
--* Any SNMP Set of dlDownloadControl to a value other than initiate(1),
    download(2), or finish(3) value results in a SNMP badValue error,
    and no change in the state of the download.
--* With a change to a new state, there is an implicit action in which
    dlDownloadStatus is set to the new state.
-- * The dlDownloadLine can only be written to when dlDownloadControl
-- * is download(2) and the dlDownloadKey is valid. A write at any other
    time results only in a badValue error and no change to the state
    of the download.
-- * The ability to record an error requires that dlDownloadErrorStatus
    be clear, hence zero length. The dlDownloadErrorStatus is cleared
    when dlDownloadControl is set to initiate(1) to begin a download.
```

--\* The hmsDownloadStatus trap is generated at the same time that dlDownloadErrorStatus is set internally to record an error. If an error has already been recorded, then subsequent errors are not

-- \* recorded, and subsequent traps are dropped.

-- \* Only one hmsDownloadStatus trap is to be pending at any one time. -- \* If the MAC TALK command is not used to retrieve traps, then it -- \* is possible to loose old traps. When the dlDownloadControl is set to initiate, a pending hmsDownloadStatus trap is to be dropped.

--\* For a given implementation the transient states associated with initiateInProgress, processingLine, and finishInProgress may never be reported through dlDownloadStatus. If no SNMP commands can be processed during these states, then the state machine to be implemented by a transponder is greatly reduced. \_\_ \*

-- \* The objects dlDownloadDevice, dlDownloadImage, and dlDeviceKey should only to be written when dlDownloadStatus is done(6). Attempts -- \* to change these objects during any other state results in termination -- \* of the download in progress and an error being recorded. The actions associated with detecting an error are described by Note 4 of the download state diagram. The object value will not be cleared however, and will accept the new value. -- \*

The initial state for the Download MIB is dlDownloadStatus is done(6) and dlDownloadControl is finish(3). This is also the state of the MIB at the end of a download, whether is was successful -- \* or not. A successful download is indicated by a zero length dlDownloadErrorStatus.

```
-- *
                         1.InitiateInProgress
   6-Done
                       (This state is expected to be
__ *
                        completed before the T1 delay
                        has expired.)
     dlDownloadControl=initiate
    AND dlDownloadKey valid
     AND dlDownloadDevice valid
-- *
    AND dlDownloadImage valid
                                  Initiate has completed
-- *
     |----->|----->|
     Begin 'initiate' (Note 2)
                          | Start timeout counter (Note 1)
     Clear dlDownloadErrorStatus
     Clear pending download status trap |
                      | Initiate has failed
                      i----->6
     dlDownloadControl=initiate
                                | Record error (Note 4)
     AND dlDownloadKey valid
     AND (dlDownloadDevice invalid OR |
       dlDownloadImage invalid | dlDownloadControl=initiate
      ---->6 |----->1
      Record error (Note 4)
__ *
                       dlDownloadControl=finish
                       |---->5
```

| Begin 'finish' (Note 3)

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```
ANSI/SCTE 38-8 2017 (R2022)
                                                        dlDownloadControl=download
-- *
                                                        |----->6
                                                      Record error (Note 4)
__ *
             dlDownloadControl=(download OR finish)
-- *
           AND dlDownloadKey valid
             -- *
              Record error (Note 4)
-- *
             dlDownloadControl=<any value> AND
-- *
             dl Download Key\ invalid
             (Note 6)
-- *
-- *
         2.InitiateComplete
                                                                    3-WaitForLine
-- *
-- *
            dl Download Control = download \\ \hspace{0.5cm} | \hspace{0.1cm} dl Download Control = finish \\
           |----->|----->5
             Restart timeout counter (Note 1) | Begin 'finish' (Note 3)
-- *
                                                     Stop timeout counter
-- *
-- *
             dl Download Control \!\!=\!\! initiate
           |----->2 | dlDownloadLine=<valid data>
                                                  dlDownloadControl=finish
                                                                         | Save data (Note 7)
           |----->5 |
             Begin 'finish' (Note 3)
__ *
             Stop timeout counter
                                                      | dlDownloadLine=<invalid data>
                                                       (Note 8)
-- *
                                                       Record error (Note 4)
                                                            | dlDownloadControl=download
            j-----> 6 |-----> 3
           Record error (Note 4)
-- *
                                                         dl Download Control = initiate \\
                                                        .
|----->6
                                                         Record error (Note 4)
                                                        timeout
                                                       Record error (Note 4)
__ *
-- *
-- * 4.ProcessingLine
                                                                    5.Finish
          | (This state is expected to be | (This state is expected to be
              completed before the T2 delay | completed before the T3 delay
-- *
             has expired.)
                                                              has expired.)
             dl Download Line\ save\ completed \qquad |\ Finish\ completed\ ok
            |----->3 |----->6
             Restart timeout counter (Note 1) | (Note 5)
-- *
            dlDownloadLine save failed | Finish failed | F
             Record error (Note 4)
                                                            | Record error (Note 4)
-- *
             dlDownloadControl = finish \\
           |-----| dlDownloadControl=finish
```

```
ANSI/SCTE 38-8 2017 (R2022)
      Stop timeout counter
-- *
                             dlDownloadControl=download OR
                            dlDownloadControl=initiate
-- *
__ *
                            | Record error (Note 4)
      dlDownloadControl=download OR
__ *
     | dlDownloadControl=initiate
__ *
     | Record error (Note 4)
-- *
-- * Note 1: The timeout counter is used to ensure that the download does
__ *
         not become accidentally locked in a specific state. There is
-- *
         only one timeout counter referred to in the state diagram.
         The value for the timeout is specified by dlDownloadTimeout
-- *
         for the device selected by dlDownloadDevice.
-- *
-- * Note 2: The Initiate operations are vendor specific. During this state
__ *
         any necessary preparation for download can be made, such as
-- *
        erasing the region which will accept the download.
-- * Note 3: The Finish operations are vendor specific. A typical operation
         performed during this state would be validation of the downloaded
-- *
-- *
-- * Note 4: The dlDownloadDevice and dlDownloadImage objects are set to zero.
         The dlDownloadKey is set to a zero length string.
         The dlDownloadErrorStatus is set to a vendor defined message.
         The dlDownloadControl is set to finish(3).
         An hmsDownloadStatus trap is registered.
__ *
         The timeout counter, described in note 1, must be stopped.
         If a set of dlDownloadControl was the action which triggered the
-- *
         error, then a badValue error results.
-- *
-- * Note 5: The dlDownloadDevice and dlDownloadImage objects are set to zero.
         The dlDownloadKey is set to a zero length string.
-- * Note 6: Return SNMP badValue error, no change to download state
-- *
        as dlDownloadKey is invalid.
-- *
-- * Note 7: The data from dlDownloadLine is saved in an appropriate manner
         within the transponder. The transponder must be able to accept
-- *
         a download image which is sent more than once during the same
-- *
         download cycle, hence while dlDownloadControl is still set to
-- *
        download(2). When using Broadcast or multicast addressing,
-- *
         sending the image more than once may be done in case noise
-- *
         corrupts one or more packets.
-- *
-- * Note 8: Invalid data written to dlDownloadLine refers to data which
__ *
         is unexpected in a given address range, data which is outside
-- *
         the expected address range, or an illegal type field. A vendor
-- *
         may have additional qualifiers to detect invalid data.
        Lines which do not begin with an 'S' are ignored, and are not
        considered to be in error.
-- *
__ *
    Additional Notes:
    A transponder is in the download state when dlDownloadStatus is
    not done(6). While a transponder is in the download state:
      1)All MAC layer commands operate the same as if a
       download was not in progress. As an operational
       issue it is advisable not to change the forward
       or reverse frequencies while a download is in progress.
     2)The only MIB objects guaranteed to be supported
       while a download is in progress are those MIB objects
       from HMS063, which is the Download MIB.
```

3)MIB objects not supported during a download will

```
ANSI/SCTE 38-8 2017 (R2022)
      report the error NoSuchName. This behaviour is
      consistent with community profiles and MIB views
      as defined in RFC1157.
     4)Upon completion of a download, then the MIB objects
__ *
      which had restricted access during the download are
      again accessible.
-- * The dlDownloadTimeout prevents a transponder from remaining in the
   download state in the event that a download operation was interrupted.
-- *
   Upon completion of a successful download the transponder may transfer
-- * control to the new image, or continue to run the current. The behaviour
-- * is determined by the object dlDownloadOption. This object is optional,
   and if not implemented, the transponder is expected to transfer control
   to the successfully downloaded image.
--* If dlDownloadOption is noAction, then control may be transferred to a
-- * downloaded image at a later point by setting dlStartupImage followed
-- * by a reset of the device. Setting dlStartupImage for the transponder
-- * does not restart the transponder. The transponder can be reset remotely
-- * using the commonReset object.
__ ***************************
SCTE-HMS-DOWNLOAD-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
  OBJECT-TYPE
                    FROM RFC-1212
   TRAP-TYPE
                   FROM RFC-1215
   DisplayString
                 FROM RFC1213-MIB
                  FROM SCTE-ROOT
   scteHmsTree
   commonPhysAddress FROM SCTE-HMS-COMMON-MIB
   commonLogicalID FROM SCTE-HMS-COMMON-MIB
   downloadIdent FROM SCTE-HMS-ROOTS
downLoad
                OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { downloadIdent 1 }
transponderImage OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { downloadIdent 2 }
     ************
     Firmware Download Management Group
     This portion of the Download MIB defines the core objects
     used to manage the download of a firmware image or block
     of data.
dlDownloadDevice OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX INTEGER
  ACCESS read-write
  STATUS mandatory
  DESCRIPTION
    "This object defines the device which is to have firmware
    downloaded.
    A value of 1 specifies the transponder. A value of 2 to 256
    specifies TIB devices 1 to 255. Values of dlDownloadDevice
    greater than 256 may be used for non-TIB devices managed by
    the transponder.
    This indexing scheme is used to avoid using an index value of 0
    to identify the transponder. This indexing scheme matches that of
    dlTransponderTable.
    Not all transponders support TIB based devices.
    There are no restrictions on the value of this object.
```

This value for this object reverts back to 0 after the end of

When dlDownloadControl is set to initiate(1), an invalid value for dlDownloadImage results in the inability to set dlDownloadControl.

any download or download error. As valid indices begins at 1, this provides some added security to prevent accidental erasure.

The value of this object should only be changed when dlDownloadStatus is done(6). Attempts to change object during any other state results in termination of the download in progress and an error being recorded. The actions associated with detecting an error are described by Note 4 of the download state diagram presented earlier in the document. The object value will not be cleared and the new value shall be accepted.

The dlDownloadKey does not affect this object.

The default value is 0. This object is volatile." ::= { downLoad 2 }

dlDownloadImage OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER ACCESS read-write STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION

"The image number which to be modified during the next download.

There are no restrictions on the value of this object. When dlDownloadControl is set to initiate(1), an invalid value for dlDownloadImage results in the inability to set dlDownloadControl.

This value for this object reverts back to 0 after the end of any download or download error. As valid image numbers begin at 1, this provides some added security to prevent accidental erasure.

The value of this object should only be changed when dlDownloadStatus is done(6). Attempts to change the object during any other state results in termination of the download in progress and an error being recorded. The actions associated with detecting an error are described by Note 4 of the download state diagram presented earlier in the document. The object value will not be cleared and the new value shall be accepted.

The dlDownloadKey does not affect this object.

The default value is 0. This object is volatile." ::= { downLoad 3 }

dlDownloadKey OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX DisplayString ACCESS read-write STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION

"This string is used as a security key to enable downloads. Unless this string is correctly set, the transponder will not permit a download sequence to commence. This string is useful for downloading to multiple transponders via broadcast or multicast addressing.

The dlDownloadKey must begin with the dlDeviceKey string of the active firmware image for the device specified by dlDownloadDevice if a download is to be permitted. The dlDeviceKey value can also be obtained from the DEVICE-KEY parameter in the distribution file header. The dlDeviceKey value is embedded in the running firmware, which permits the security check to be made. It is expected that all firmware images for one device will have the same dlDeviceKey.

The value written to dlDownloadKey may have the version string of the new firmware appended to dlDeviceKey. The key will only permit the download if the version of the download firmware is newer than that of the firmware being replaced. If the version string is not present, then the version check is not made.

As inclusion of the version string in dlDownloadKey is optional, this should not be relied upon as the means by which the version string is transferred to the device.

This value for this object reverts back to a zero length string after the end of any download or download error.

The value of this object should only be changed when dlDownloadStatus is done(6). Attempts to change the object during any other state results in termination of the download in progress and an error being recorded. The actions associated with detecting an error are described by Note 4 of the download state diagram presented earlier in the document. The object value will not be cleared and the new value shall be accepted.

The default value is a 0 length string. This object is volatile." ::= { downLoad 4 }

```
dlDownloadControl OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER {
  initiate (1),
  download (2),
  finish (3)
}
ACCESS read-write
STATUS mandatory
DESCRIPTION
"The dlDownloadControl manages the difference of the control manages are different or control manages."
```

"The dlDownloadControl manages the different stages of firmware download.

The dlDownloadControl can be set to initiate(1) only when dlDownloadStatus is done(6) and dlDownloadKey is valid.

The dlDownloadControl can be set to download(2) only when dlDownloadStatus is initiateComplete(2).

The dlDownloadControl can be set to finish(3) at any time that dlDownloadStatus is not done(6).

The default value is finish(3). This object is volatile.

Details of the dlDownloadControl usage and interaction with other objects from this MIB are defined in the download state diagram presented earlier in the document."

```
::= { downLoad 5 }
```

download data.

```
dlDownloadStatus OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER {
    initiateInProgress (1),
    initiateComplete (2),
    waitingForLine (3),
    processingLine (4),
    finishInProgress (5),
    done (6)
}

ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
DESCRIPTION
    "The dlDownloadStatus reports the different stages of firmware download.
```

Upon dlDownloadControl being set to initiate(1), the dlDownloadStatus changes to initiateInProgress(1).

Once initiateInProgress(1) has completed, the state changes to initiateComplete(2). During initiateInProgress(1) any necessary preparation for download can be made, such as erasing the region which will accept the

Upon dlDownloadControl being set to download(2), the dlDownloadStatus changes to waitingForLine(3). Upon a line of information being written to dlDownloadLine, the dlDownloadStatus changes to processingLine(4).

Once the line of information has been saved, the dlDownloadStatus returns to waitingForLine(3) to

indicate that the next record may be sent.

Upon dlDownloadControl being set to finish(3), the dlDownloadStatus changes to finishInPogress(5). A typical operation performed during this state would be validation of the downloaded image. Upon completion of this state, dlDownloadStatus changes to done(6).

Details of the dlDownloadStatus usage and interaction with other objects from this MIB are defined in the download state diagram presented earlier in the document."

::= { downLoad 6 }

dlDownloadErrorStatus OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX DisplayString (SIZE(0..128)) ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION

"The error description message for the most recent download attempt. If no error occurs, then the string is zero length.

The dlDownloadErrorStatus captures the first error to occur after setting dlDownloadControl to initiate. Subsequent errors are not recorded. This is accomplished by only permitting errors to be recorded when dlDownloadErrorStatus is a zero length string.

The dlDownloadErrorStatus is cleared when dlDownloadControl is set to initiate(1) to begin a download."
::= { downLoad 7 }

.. \ downLoad / }

dlDownloadLine OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX OCTET STRING ACCESS read-write STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION

"The dlDownloadLine is used to transfer a portion of the firmware image for a device. Each portion transferred by this object is referred to as a line.

As the firmware image is unique to each vendor's device, care must be taken not to transfer the wrong image. The use of the dlDownloadKey and DEVICE-KEY resolves this problem.

Each line begins with the first two characters from a S-Record line. The first character is therefore expected to be an ASCII 'S'. The second character is the ASCII character which defines the record type. The record type values range from and include ASCII '0' to '9'.

Lines which do not begin with an 'S' are ignored.

The remainder of the S-Record line is then presented in the download line in the binary form of the data. This includes all fields from the length to the checksum.

The loader must not transform one data record type into another (e.g., S1 to S3), in the event the other type is not supported by the transponder.

The loader must present one S-Record line as one dlDownloadLine, in the event the file has been optimised for the target.

The dlDownloadLine can only be written to when dlDownloadControl is download(2). A write at any other time results only in a BadValue error and no change to the state of the download.

When the object is read, a zero length octet string is returned.

The following examples demonstrate how the download application converts an S-Record line into an instance of dlDownloadLine:

```
S1050260EA812D -> 53 31 05 02 60 EA 81 2D
```

```
S30700000260EA812B -> 53 33 07 00 00 02 60 EA 81 2B
```

In the example characters to the left of '->' represent the S-Record line. The characters to the right of '->' indicate the dlDownloadLine data in hexadecimal notation.

Both examples represent the same two bytes of data. The address field for both examples contains the same value of 260 hexadecimal.

The device must be able to accept a download image which is sent more than once during the same download cycle, hence while dlDownloadControl is still set to download(2). When using Broadcast or multicast addressing, sending the image more than once may be done to protect against noise corruption of one or more packets."

::= { downLoad 8 }

```
**********
     Transponder Image Group
-- * This portion of the Download MIB presents details of the
    transponder firmware image(s) and the ability to download
     images.
transponderTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF TransponderEntry
  ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS mandatory
  DESCRIPTION
    "The table containing the status of firmware images for all
    components of a transponder."
  ::= { transponderImage 1 }
transponderEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX TransponderEntry
  ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS mandatory
  DESCRIPTION
    "A list of firmware image information about a component of
    the transponder."
  INDEX { dlTransponderDevice }
  ::= { transponderTable 1 }
TransponderEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
  dlTransponderDevice
    INTEGER,
  dlNumberImages
    INTEGER,
  dlActiveImage
    INTEGER,
  dlActiveImageVersion
    DisplayString,
  dlActiveImageDescription
    DisplayString,
  dlActiveImageAccess
    INTEGER,
  dlStartupImage
    INTEGER,
  dlDeviceKey
    DisplayString,
  dlDownloadOption
    INTEGER,
  dlDownloadTimeout
    INTEGER
dlTransponderDevice OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX INTEGER
  ACCESS read-only
```

```
ANSI/SCTE 38-8 2017 (R2022)
  STATUS mandatory
  DESCRIPTION
    "The device index into the table to select a specific transponder
     component.
     A value of 1 specifies the transponder. A value of 2 to 256
     specifies TIB devices 1 to 255. Values of dlTransponderDevice
     greater than 256 may be used for non-TIB devices managed by
     the transponder.
     This indexing scheme is used to avoid using an index value of 0
     to identify the transponder."
  ::= { transponderEntry 1 }
dlNumberImages OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX INTEGER
  ACCESS read-only
  STATUS mandatory
  DESCRIPTION
    "The maximum number of firmware images supported by the unit."
  ::= { transponderEntry 2 }
dlActiveImage OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX INTEGER
  ACCESS read-only
  STATUS mandatory
  DESCRIPTION
    "The image number which is currently running.
     The value of dlActiveImage cannot exceed dlNumberImages."
  ::= { transponderEntry 3 }
dlActiveImageVersion OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX DisplayString (SIZE(0..32))
  ACCESS read-only
  STATUS mandatory
  DESCRIPTION
    "The version string for the active image."
  ::= { transponderEntry 4 }
dlActiveImageDescription OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX DisplayString (SIZE(0..64))
  ACCESS read-only
  STATUS mandatory
  DESCRIPTION
    "The description string for the active image."
  ::= { transponderEntry 5 }
dlActiveImageAccess OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX INTEGER {
    overwriteAllowed (1),
    overwriteNotAllowed (2)
  ACCESS read-only
  STATUS mandatory
  DESCRIPTION
    "Report if the image number corresponding to the active
     image can be downloaded. System which support only 1 for
     dlNumberImages must only report overwriteAllowed(1).
     The ability to overwrite the active image may not be possible
     on some systems due to the type of storage device used."
  ::= { transponderEntry 6 }
dlStartupImage OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX INTEGER
  ACCESS read-write
  STATUS mandatory
  DESCRIPTION
    "The image to be used after the next reset.
     If the image specified is not present, then the transponder
     must determine which alternate image should be used.
     The algorithm used is vendor specific.
```

This object is non-volatile.

```
The value of dlStartupImage cannot exceed dlNumberImages.
The dlImageStatus for the image used must be validApplication(2)."
::= { transponderEntry 7 }
```

```
dlDeviceKey OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX DisplayString
ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
DESCRIPTION
```

"The device identification string is a read-only string provided by the vendor for a given type of transponder. This value is expected to be read from the distribution header file and is specified by the DEVICE-KEY keyword. As the 'device key' is embedded in the firmware, the DEVICE-KEY value must be the same as dlDeviceKey.

This string is used as a security key to enable firmware downloads to occur. Unless this string is written to dlDownloadKey, the transponder will not permit a download sequence to commence. See the description of dlDownloadKey for additional details.

The minimum string definition starts with the first 3 octets of physical address (the vendor's OUI) as a hexadecimal ASCII string. This ensures no units will accidentally accept firmware from the wrong vendor. Additional octets may be specified after this 6 byte prefix field by each vendor."

```
::= { transponderEntry 8 }
```

```
dlDownloadOption OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER {
    setStartupAndReset(1),
    noAction (2)
}
ACCESS read-write
STATUS optional
DESCRIPTION
```

"The object specifies the action to be taken once a firmware image has been successfully downloaded.

The setStartupAndReset(1) will copy dlDownloadImage to dlStartupImage and reset the unit. The reset is the same action as if commonReset was set to 1.

The noAction(2) results in the transponder continuing to run the current image. If the transponder only supports one image, then new image must take over.

The default is setStartupAndReset. If dlDownloadOption is not implemented, then the transponder implicitly operates as if setStartupAndReset was set.

This object is volatile, hence the value always returns to setStartupAndReset(1) when the unit powers up." ::= { transponderEntry 9 }

```
dlDownloadTimeout OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER (60..300)
ACCESS read-write
STATUS mandatory
DESCRIPTION
```

"The object specifies the maximum amount of time which may occur between successive writes to dlDownloadLine. This is accomplished by limiting the amount of time dlDownloadStatus can be in the waitingForLine state.

This timeout also limits the amount of time while dlDownloadStatus is in the initiateComplete(2) state.

The timeout is specified in units of seconds.

The default value is 60. The object is volatile.

The value of dlDownloadTimeout can only be changed when

```
dlDownloadStatus is done(6). Attempts to change the object
     during any other state results only in a badValue error."
  ::= { transponderEntry 10 }
dlImageTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF DlImageEntry
  ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS mandatory
  DESCRIPTION
    "The table containing the status of firmware images."
  ::= { transponderImage 2 }
dlImageEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX DlImageEntry
  ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS mandatory
  DESCRIPTION
    "A list of information for the status of firmware images."
  INDEX { dlImageDevice, dlImageIndex }
  ::= { dlImageTable 1 }
DlImageEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
  dlImageDevice
    INTEGER,
  dlImageIndex
    INTEGER,
  dlImageStatus
    INTEGER,
  dlImageAccess
    INTEGER,
  dlImageVersion
    DisplayString,
  dlImageDescription
    DisplayString
dlImageDevice OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX INTEGER
  ACCESS read-only
  STATUS mandatory
  DESCRIPTION
    "A value of 1 specifies the transponder. A value of 2 to 256
     specifies TIB devices 1 to 255. Values of dlImageIndex
     greater than 256 may be used for non-TIB devices managed by
     the transponder.
     This indexing scheme is used to avoid using an index value of 0
     to identify the transponder. This indexing scheme matches that of
     dlTransponderTable."
  ::= { dlImageEntry 1 }
dlImageIndex OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX INTEGER
  ACCESS read-only
  STATUS mandatory
  DESCRIPTION
    "Index into dlImageTable.
     The value of dlDownloadImage cannot exceed dlNumberImages for
     the respective device."
  ::= { dlImageEntry 2 }
dlImageStatus OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX INTEGER {
    invalid (1),
    validApplication (2),
    validData (3)
  ACCESS read-only
```

```
ANSI/SCTE 38-8 2017 (R2022)
  STATUS mandatory
  DESCRIPTION
    "Report the validity of the download image.
     The mechanism by which an image is determined to be an
     application (executable image) or simply data is vendor specific.
     Only an image which is validApplication(2) can be selected via
     dlStartupImage.
     The error checking scheme used for an image is vendor
     specific."
  ::= { dlImageEntry 3 }
dlImageAccess OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX INTEGER {
    imageAccessReadWrite (1),
    imageAccessReadOnly (2)
  ACCESS read-only
  STATUS mandatory
  DESCRIPTION
    "Report the access rights to the download image. It is
     expected that most images will be read-write. At least
     one image may be read-only if a permanent default image
     is implemented."
  ::= { dlImageEntry 4 }
dlImageVersion OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX DisplayString (SIZE(0..32))
  ACCESS read-only
  STATUS mandatory
  DESCRIPTION
    "The version string for the image."
  ::= { dlImageEntry 5 }
dlImageDescription OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX DisplayString (SIZE(0..64))
  ACCESS read-only
  STATUS mandatory
  DESCRIPTION
    "The description string for the image."
  ::= { dlImageEntry 6 }
     Download MIB Traps
     *************
-- * The following definitions use the TRAP-TYPE macro as
-- * defined in RFC1215.
-- * The community string is defined by commonTrapCommunityString.
hmsDownloadStatus TRAP-TYPE
  ENTERPRISE scteHmsTree
  VARIABLES { commonPhysAddress, commonLogicalID, dlDownloadErrorStatus,
         dlDownloadImage, dlDownloadDevice }
  DESCRIPTION
    "A hmsDownloadStatus trap is generated when dlDownloadErrorStatus
    is set in response to an error.'
  ::= 3
END
```